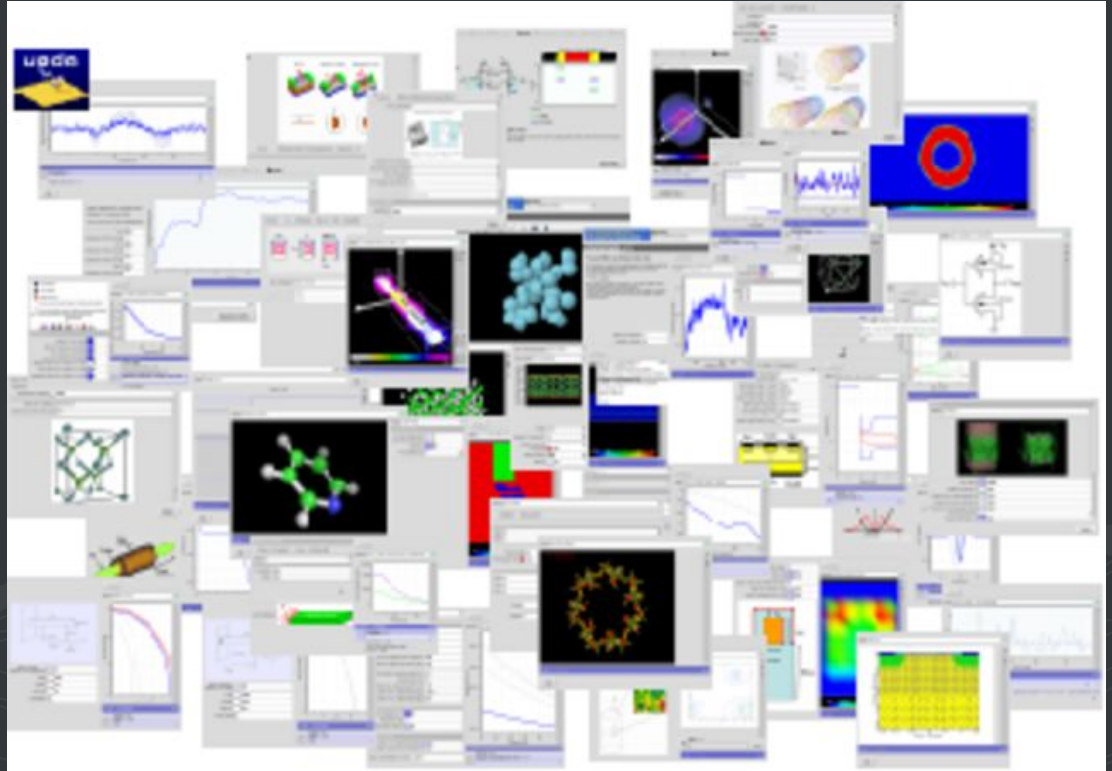
A complex network diagram with numerous nodes and connecting lines, rendered in a light gray color against a dark gray background. The nodes are small circles, and the lines are thin, creating a dense web of connections that fills the entire frame.

Modeling Uncertainty with nanoHUB tools using BOINC as a Computational Resource

Steven Clark, Martin Hunt, Ben Haley
nanoHUB.org
HUBzero.org
Research Computing, Purdue University

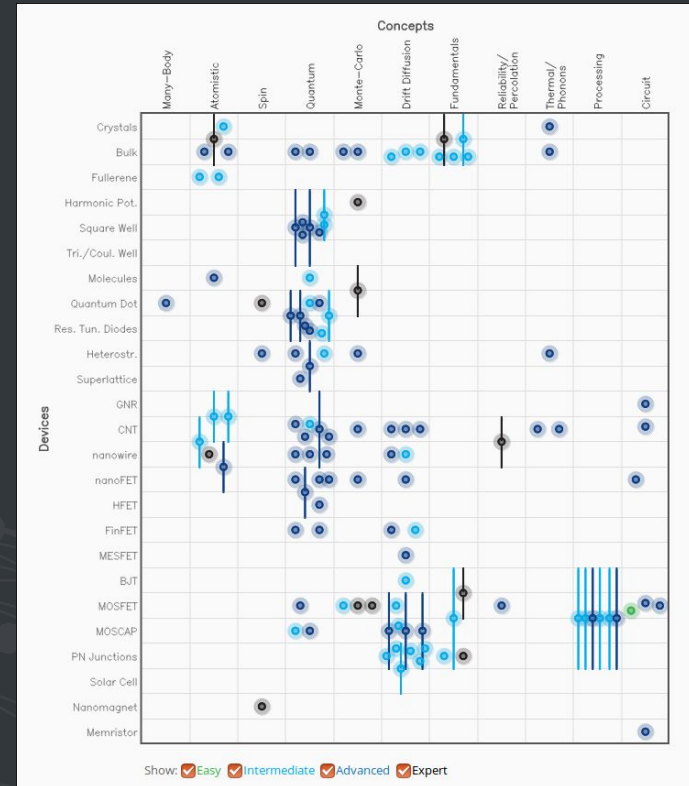


- Collaborate
- Simulate
- Explore
- Learn



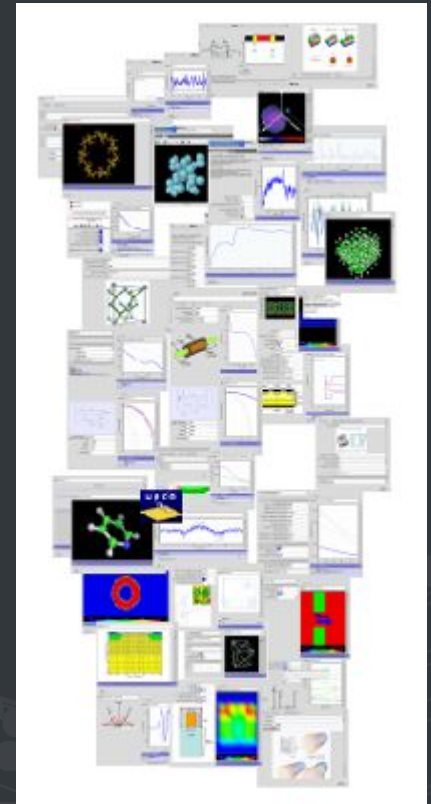
PLATFORM FOR COLLABORATIVE SCIENTIFIC COMPUTATION

- 1.44 million users annually
- 511 published tools
- 1.41 million simulations
- Varying degrees of skill required
- Wide range of topics covered
- Diagram highlights tools related to nanoelectronics, concepts vs devices




PLATFORM FOR COLLABORATIVE SCIENTIFIC COMPUTATION

- User perspective
 - Production level code
 - Powerful computing resources
 - No downloading, no compiling, ...
 - Automatically runs most updated version
 - Access regardless of location
- Developers perspective
 - GUI development environments
 - RAPPTURE
 - Jupyter Notebooks
 - Source code management - subversion/GIT
 - Rich development platform
 - Powerful computing resources



SIMULATION USE CASES

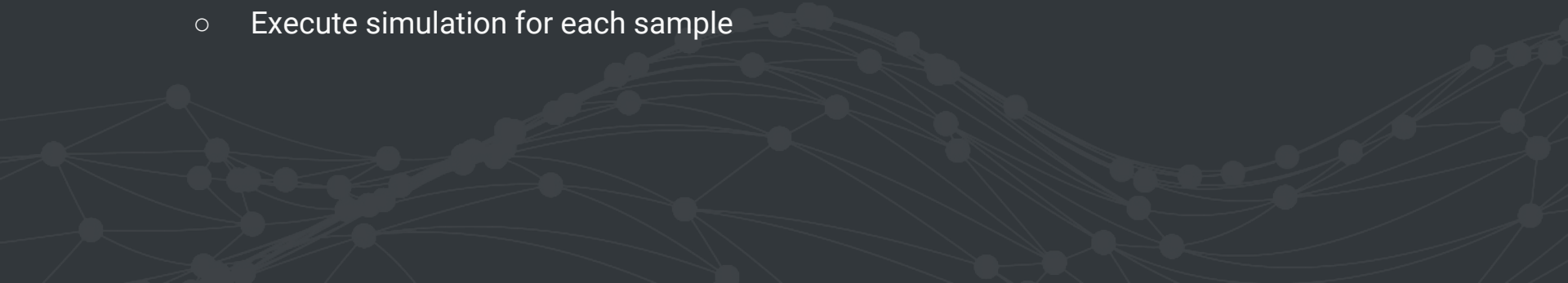
- **On demand**
 - UI used to declare inputs for simulation
 - Command line
 - Single simulation or parametric sweep
 - **Cache resolution**
 - Input (driver.xml) files are placed in a cache queue
 - External process pulls input from cache queue, does the simulation, saves the result
 - If cache result exists no simulation is required simply pull the existing result
 - Faster response time provides better user experience
 - > 100,000 jobs processed
- 

SIMULATION USE CASES

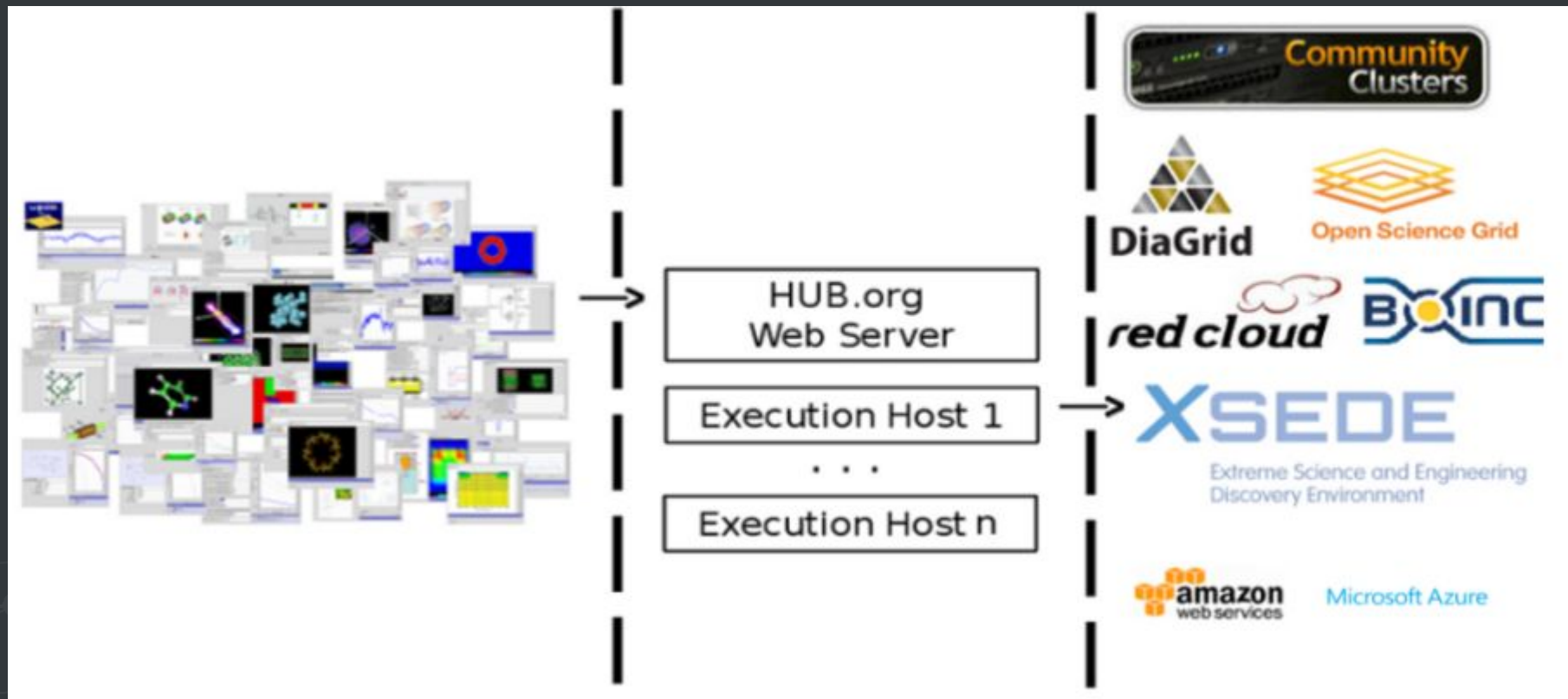
- **Uncertainty quantification**

- Inputs declared as distributions
- Statistical methods used to determine input samples
- A simulation is run for each sample
- Results include a response surface model which can be used to approximate simulation, sensitivity analysis, and probability distribution function (PDF) for outputs.

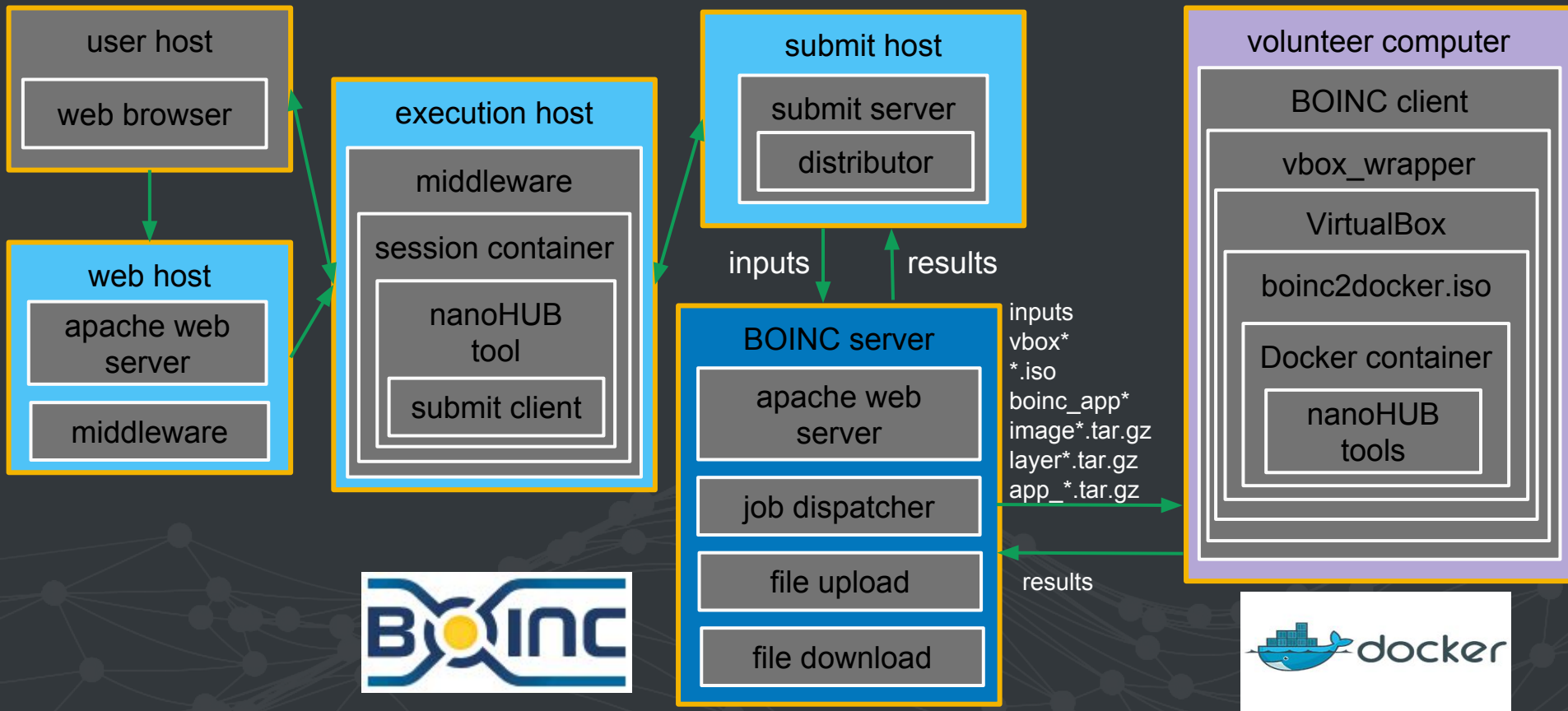
- **Exploratory simulation**

- Allow for interactive selection of multidimensional input space
 - Automatically generate simulation input samples covering the space
 - Execute simulation for each sample
- 

SUBMITTING JOBS TO FOREIGN RESOURCES



SUBMIT ARCHITECTURE - nanoHUB/BOINC



SUBMIT/BOINC - INTEGRATION

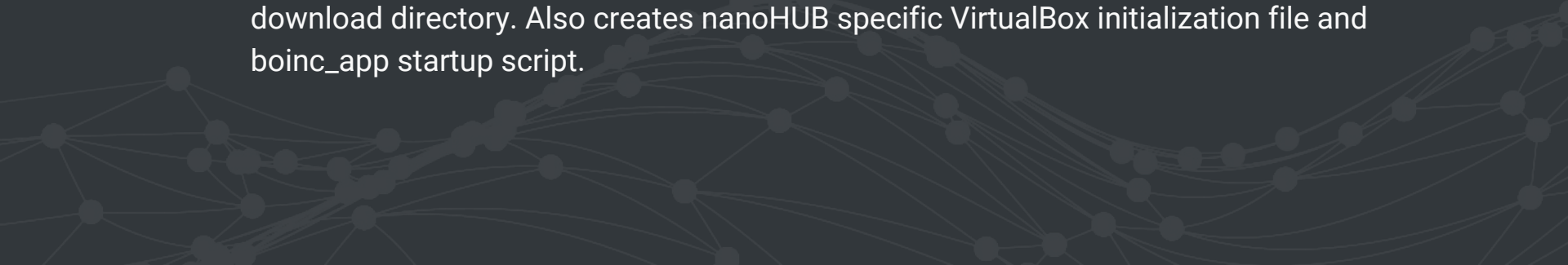
- **nanoHUB Application**

- UI
- User supplied data
- Application files

- **submit Server**

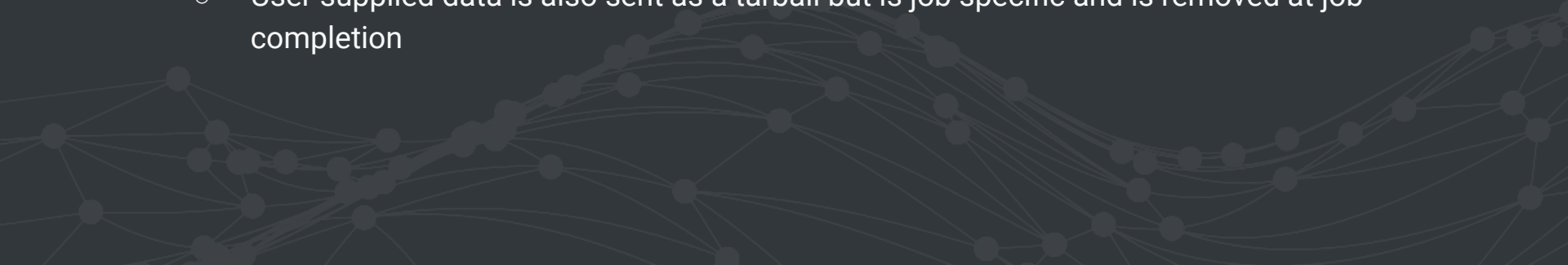
- Common interface between local and all remote resources (HPC + HTC)

- **BOINC Server**

- Job execution manager for all BOINC submissions - submit_api batch submission
 - stage_docker_image - combines docker save and stage_file to place tarballs in the download directory. Also creates nanoHUB specific VirtualBox initialization file and boinc_app startup script.
- 
- A decorative background graphic at the bottom of the slide, consisting of a network of interconnected nodes and lines, resembling a molecular structure or a data network, rendered in a light gray color against the dark background.

SUBMIT/BOINC - INTEGRATION

- **Volunteer Host**

- VirtualBox - nanoHUB applications run in Linux environment. VirtualBox provides access to Windows and MAC volunteer hosts.
 - boinc2docker - introduction of docker containers allows simpler change management. Nine docker containers support 282 nanoHUB applications.
 - Mounted volumes - allow for reduced memory requirement when loading docker container and greater flexibility creating new applications.
 - nanoHUB application files sent as tar balls and are not removed at job completion to reduce bandwidth requirement
 - User supplied data is also sent as a tarball but is job specific and is removed at job completion
- 
- A decorative network diagram at the bottom of the slide, consisting of a series of interconnected nodes and lines, resembling a mesh or a neural network structure.

SUBMIT SIMPLE SIMULATION

- Execution on local host

```
$ mpirun -n 16 namd2-2.9 prog.namd
```

- Execution on foreign host

```
$ submit --nCpus 16 --wallTime 10 \  
  --inputfile par_all27_prot_lipid.inp \  
  --inputfile ubq_ws.pdb \  
  --inputfile ubq_ws.psf \  
  namd2-2.9 prog.namd
```

- This command will request sixteen cores for ten minutes to run namd2-2.9 where it is installed
- Submit deduces that the file **prog.namd** needs to be transferred for the job to run
- Additional files that need to be transferred are specified by additional command line arguments
- Upon job completion all files created or modified by the job will be returned to the user

SUBMIT PARAMETRIC SWEEPS

- Parametric sweeps via single command

```
submit --parameters @@cap=10pf,100pf,1uf sim.exe @:indeck
```


```
submit --parameters @@vth=0:0.2:5 --parameters @@cap=10pf,100pf,1uf sim.exe @:indeck
```

```
submit --parameters params sim.exe @:indeck
```

```
submit --data input.csv sim.exe --voltage @@volts --input @:infile
```

```
submit --parameters @@num=1:1000 sim.exe input@@num
```

```
submit --parameters @@file=glob:indeck* sim.exe @@file
```

- One simulation is run for each combination of parameters
- 

SUBMIT CONFIGURATION - OVERVIEW

- **sites** - core set of parameters for remote resources
- **aggregators** - mechanism for grouping multiple sites for the purpose of setting limits on job submission and prioritizing users
- **tools** - specific set of parameters for individual tools
- **managers** - commands to run before and after application execution
- **identities** - configuration parameters for managing shared community credentials
- **monitors** - parameters for configuring job tracking monitors located on remote resources
- **appaccess** - parameters used to manage who can execute which applications on remote resources
- **environmentwhitelist** - permissible user environment variables
- **tunnels** - used to facilitate ssh tunnelling to remote resources

SUBMIT CONFIGURATION - BOINC SITE

- Core set of parameters for remote resources

```
[boinc]
venues = submit.nanohub.org
remotePpn = 1
maximumCores = 1
remoteBatchSystem = BOINC
remoteUser = USER
identityManagers = user
venueMechanism = local
remoteBinDirectory = /var/gridman/submit/bin/Boinc
executableClassificationsAllowed = staged
remoteManager = serial
siteMonitorDesignator = boinc
checkProbeResult = False
```



SUBMIT CONFIGURATION - BOINC TOOL

- **Specific set of parameters for individual tools**

```
[nanoplasticity_r71-slip]
destinations = boinc
executablePath = /apps/nanoplasticity/r71/bin/slip_wrap.py
toolFiles = nanohub_apps_nanoplasticity_r71-slip
environment = PATH=/apps/nanoplasticity/r71/bin:${PATH}
remoteManager = boinc_nanoplasticity
```

SUBMIT/BOINC EXECUTION - Rappture Tool

```
driver=driver_${ToolName}_${Revision}.xml
```

```
cat > toolparameters.${ToolName}_${Revision} << EOFPARAMS
file(execute):${driver}
EOFPARAMS
```

```
submit --venue boinc \
  --inputfile ${driver} \
  --env TOOL_PARAMETERS=toolparameters.${ToolName}_${Revision} \
  ${ToolName}_${Revision} -w headless
```

- `${ToolName}_${Revision}` - **tag referencing invoke script**
- **TOOL_PARAMETERS** - do not render UI (execute only Rappture)
- **-w headless** - do not use window manager

SUBMIT EXECUTION - Jupyter Notebook

- **Leverage existing Rappture Tools**
 - Load Rappture tool description file (tool.xml)
 - Accept defaults or set input values
 - Save Rappture job description file (driver.xml)
 - Use HUB web api to launch job
 - Ingest results from run description file (run.xml)
 - Standardized analytics provided
- **Create application input file(s) from UI input**
 - Inputs may be single values or parametric sweeps
 - Execute submit command using template files for parametric sweeps
 - Ingest results from application output files
 - Can create custom analytics

UQ - ROSENBROCK FUNCTION


- **Rosenbrock Function**
 - $F(X,Y) = 100*(Y - X^{**2})^{**2} + (1.-X)^{**2}$
- **Standard Rappture UQ widget**
 - Constant
 - Uniform - minimum, maximum
 - Gaussian - mean, standard deviation
 - Available to all Rappture tools
- **Provides Standard Set of Results**
 - PDF for F
 - Sensitivity of F wrt X and Y
 - Response surface - surrogate polynomial model, RMSE
- **BOINC will be available to the 275 supported Rappture tools.**



DEMO

UQ - NANOPLASTICITY/RAPPTURE

The nanoplasticity tool on nanoHUB models crystalline materials with many internal grain boundaries. It calculates the yield stress, a critical parameter that indicates how much stress a material can absorb before permanent (plastic) deformation.

- **Custom UI for variable definition**
 - **Standard Outputs**
 - **Configured to use BOINC for all simulations**
- 



DEMO

UQ - NANOPLASTICITY/JUPYTER NOTEBOOK

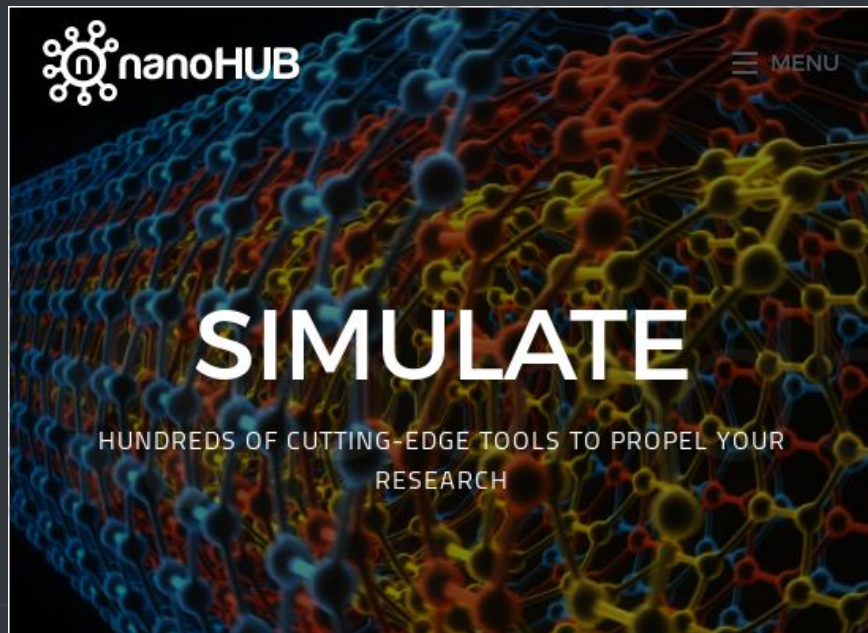
The nanoplasticity tool on nanoHUB models crystalline materials with many internal grain boundaries. It calculates the yield stress, a critical parameter that indicates how much stress a material can absorb before permanent (plastic) deformation.

- **Using Rappture tool as foundation**
 - Input, execution, output characterized by set of XML files
- **Programmable UI**
 - Developers can determine layout and presentation of inputs
- **Standard Outputs**
 - Presentation of results can be customized
 - Results can be presented with interactive displays



DEMO

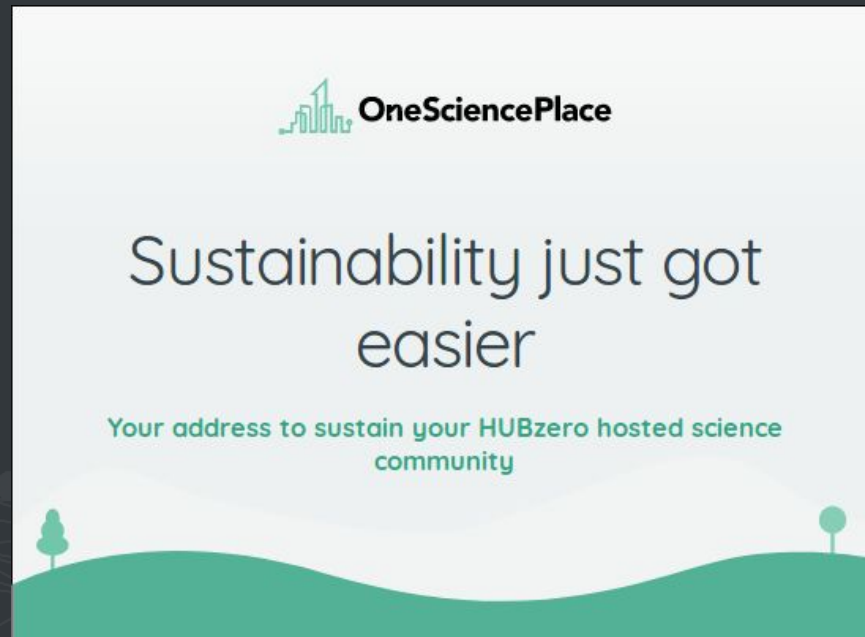
FOR MORE INFORMATION

A banner for nanoHUB featuring a 3D molecular simulation of a carbon nanotube structure with blue, red, and yellow atoms. The nanoHUB logo is in the top left, and a menu icon is in the top right.

nanoHUB MENU

SIMULATE

HUNDREDS OF CUTTING-EDGE TOOLS TO PROPEL YOUR RESEARCH

A banner for OneSciencePlace with a white background and a green landscape at the bottom. The OneSciencePlace logo is in the top right. The main text is centered, and the tagline is below it.

OneSciencePlace

Sustainability just got easier

Your address to sustain your HUBzero hosted science community

A dark gray background with a complex network of light gray lines and dots, resembling a globe or a data network. The lines connect various points, creating a dense web of connections.

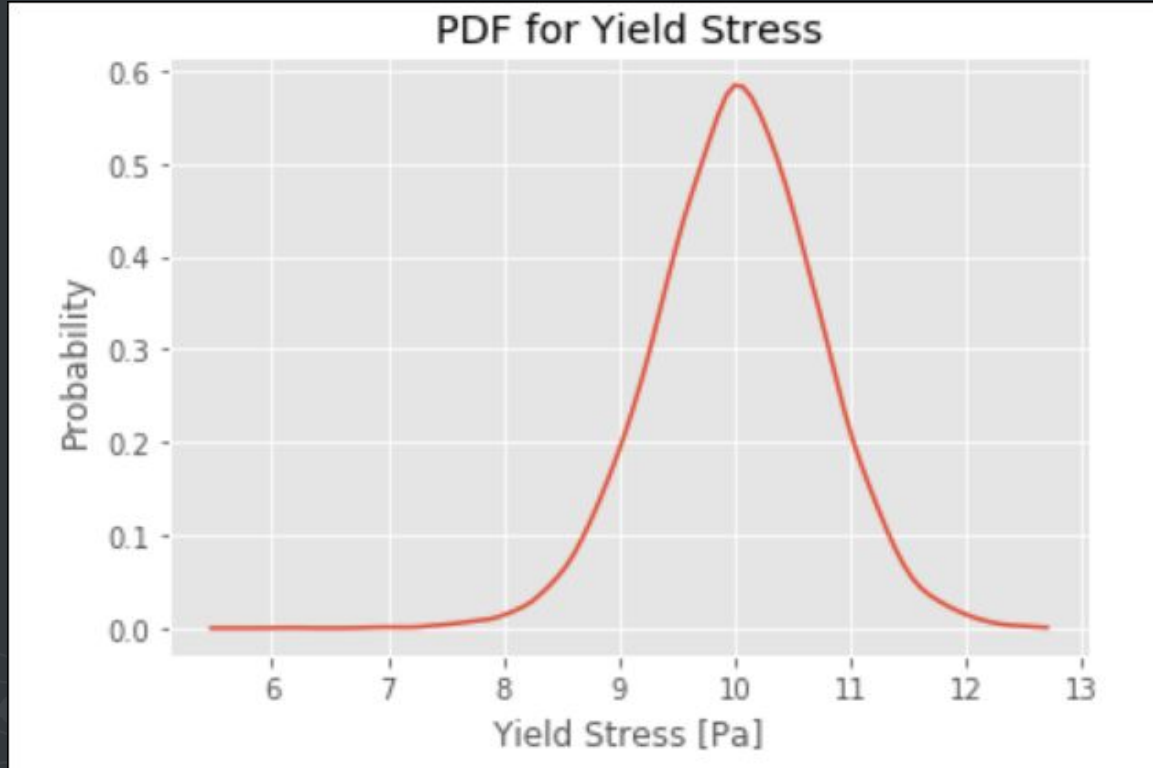
QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

?

NANOPLASTICITY - INPUT

Sample	Elastic Constants	Plasticity	Loading Conditions	Uncertainty Quantific:
click to scroll output; double click to hide				
Plasticity				
Dislocation Glide: Peierl's Energy Barrier		▼ [Mean: 0.6 Dev: 0.06]		$\frac{J}{m^2}$
		<input type="checkbox"/> Value: 0.6		
		<input type="checkbox"/> From: 0.6	To: 0.6	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mean: 0.6	Dev: 0.06	
Grain Boundary Sliding: Energy Barrier		▼ [Mean: 0.15 Dev: 0.015]		$\frac{J}{m^2}$
		<input type="checkbox"/> Value: 0.15		
		<input type="checkbox"/> From: 0.15	To: 0.15	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mean: 0.15	Dev: 0.015	

NANOPLASTICITY - OUTPUT PDF



NANOPLASTICITY - OUTPUT SURROGATE MODEL

Response Function RMSE: 2.65%

```
Response Function = 483.678419180705*glide**3 +  
586.628255978445*glide**2*peierls -  
839.602512569905*glide**2 -  
12.1588916568988*glide*peierls**2 -  
7.83785029569199*glide*peierls + 164.392925675031*glide +  
24.0988601649252*peierls**3 - 58.5217324585619*peierls**2 +  
38.5932277811335*peierls - 11.1102054574008
```